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IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE FOR RAJASTHAN JAIPUR BENCH, JAIPUR

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<u>J U D G M E N T</u>

D. B. INCOME TAX APPEAL NO. 80/2010

Commissioner of Income Tax, Jaipur-II Vs. Shri Arun Kumar Kothari Date of Judgment: SEPTEMBER 07, 2012 <u>PRESENT</u> <u>HON' BLE THE CHIEF JUSTICE MR. ARUN MISHRA</u> HON' BLE MR. JUSTICE NARENDRA KUMAR JAIN-I Mr. R. B. Mathur, for the appellant

Mr. Naresh Gupta, for the respondent

<u>BY THE COURT(Per Jain J.)</u>

Reportabl e

Heard learned counsel for the parties.

2. The Revenue has preferred this Income Tax Appeal under Section 260-A of the Income Tax Act, 1961 challenging the order dated 30<sup>th</sup> September, 2009 of Income Tax Appellate Tri bunal, Jaipur Bench 'B', Jaipur, whereby Tribunal, while, dismissing the appeal of the Revenue affirmed the order of Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) deleting the addition of Rs. 30 Lacs made by the Assessing Officer, on account of unexplained gifts.

3. Briefly stated, the facts of the case are that the Assessing Officer vide its Assessment Order dated 10<sup>th</sup> November, 2008 relating to Assessment Year 2006-07 disallowed

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the three gifts received by Assessee from his brothers amounting to Rs. 30 Lacs on the ground Assessee has not that the proved the creditworthiness of the gifts and the same have June nave June on account of love and affection and Highurther that there was no occasion for giving the gifts. Consequently added the said amount of gifts as income and eved the income tax on the same. O<sup>rri</sup>

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Assessment, the Assessee preferred an appeal. The Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)-II, 25<sup>th</sup> vi de order dated March, 2009 Jai pur allowed the appeal and deleted the addition of Rs. 30 Lacs made by Assessing Officer on of unexpl ai ned gifts. Thereafter, account Revenue preferred an appeal before the Tribunal, but the same was dismissed. Hence the present appeal has been preferred on behalf of the Revenue.

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5. Submission of Shri R.B. Mathur learned counsel appearing on behalf of appellant is the three gifts worth Rs. 30 Lacs were that given to Assessee by his brothers without any occasi on, therefore, the same were rightly di sal I owed Assessi ng Officer. Не by the submitted that the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeal s) as well as the Tri bunal both committed an illegality in deleting amount of

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Rs. 30 Lacs. He, therefore, submitted that order of Assessing Officer be restored. No other argument has been advanced by Shri Mathur, learned counsel for the appellant.

Learned counsel for 6. the a)asthan respondent/assessee supported the order passed by**o**the Tribunal as well as Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) and submitted that identity, creditworthiness of the donor and oenui neness of the gifts dul y proved by Assessee are questions of facts and both the authorities below have recorded a concurrent finding of facts, which cannot be and should not be intereferred by this Court. He submitted that no substantial question of law is involved in this second appeal. Therefore, it is liable to be dismissed.

> 7. We have considered the submissions of learend counsel for the parties and examined the reasons assigned by Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) as well as Tribunal, for deleting the amount of Rs. 30 Lacs towards so called unexplained gifts, added by Assessing Officer.

> 8. The Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) has considered all factual as well as legal aspects of the case in detail and has observed that so far as creditworthiness of the donors is concerned, the Assessee had gone to file evidence before the Assessing Officer on

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11.11.2008, the date fixed for the same by him,

but the Assessing Officer refused to accept the Therefore, Assessee sent the rel evant same. documents such as copy of Bank Accounts, return income and other relevant documents of of **H**iodonors with regard to their creditworthiness, thoough registered post to the Assessi ng Officer. of Copi es these documents were considered by the appellate authority and the same documents were again placed on record in NOt the paper-books filed before Tribunal at Page Nos. 11 to 13. These documents are gift deeds, bank accounts of the donors, Bank statement of the donors, directorship/partnership, income of the donors and passports of the donors. Learned Commissioner also considered that donors were NRI and they were brothers of the Assessee. In these circumstances, the learned Commissioner satisfied about creditworthiness of was the donors as well as genuineness of the gift deeds and accepted the claim in respect of gifts, as there was no reason to doubt on the identity and creditworthiness of the donors and the genuineness of the gifts, as expressed by the Assessing Officer.

9. The finding of the Commissioner as appellate authority was quoted by Tribunal in its order impugned in this appeal. Learned Tribunal after considering the factual and aspects of the matter affirmed of the Commissioner of Income

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finding of the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) and dismissed the appeal filed by the Revenue. Para 5 of the order of the Tribunal is reproduced as under: -



legal

"5. The first appellate order on the is reasoned one i ssue to whi ch we concur with in view of the decisions of Hon'ble Jurisdictional High Court in the case of CIT v/s Padam Singh Chauhan 215 CTR 303 (Raj.) and in the case of Nek Kumar v/s ACIT 274 ITR 575 (Raj.) & Ors. In the case of CIT v/s Padam Si ngh Chauhan (supra) the Hon'ble Jurisdictional High Court has been pleased to hold that there is no to assume legal basi s that to gift to be genuine, recognize the there should be any blood relationship or any close relationship, between the donor and the donee. Instances are not rare, when strangers made gift, out of very many considerations, including arising out of love, affection and the When sentiments. assessee has produced the copies of the fit deeds and the affidavits of the donors, in the absence of anything to show that the act of assessee in claiming fit was an act by way of money laundering, simply because he happens to receive fits, it cannot be said that, that is required to be added in his income, held the Hon'ble High Court. The case of present assessee before us on the footing issue stands on better as herein the donors are brothers of the assessee wherein there is no room to doubt love and affection amongst them the gifts. Besi des, to make the furni shed assessee had fit deeds rel ati onshi p stating the with the donors and that the gifts were made out of natural love and affection, bank accounts of the donors and their passports to support the genuineness Contents of the claimed gifts. of these documents have not been disputed. Under these circumstance, we are of the view that the Ld.CIT(A) has rightly accepted the claimed gifts of Rs.30 Lacs with direction to the AO to

delete the addition made on this account. The first appellate order on the issue is thus upheld."

10. From the above, it is clear that the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) as well as alasthan Hig both were satisfied with regard to Tri bunal Apontify and creditworthiness of the donors and genuineness of the gifts. Learned Tribunal also satisfied that there is no room to doubt about I RE affection of the donors and wi th the assessee as donors were brothers of the assessee. Therefore, gi fts could have been given without any occasion and only for the love and affection with the assessee.

> 11. After considering the reasons assigned by the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) as well as Tribunal for deleting the amount of gifts, which was wrongly added by the Assessing We are satisfied that Officer. the reasons assigned by Tribunal as well as Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) are absolutely justified and legal and no interference in the same is called for. Learned Tribunal has also relied upon judgments of this Court reported in CIT v/s Padam Singh Chauhan 215 CTR 303 (Raj.) and in the case of Nek Kumar v/s ACIT 274 ITR 575 (Raj.) & Ors..

> 12. This Court in <u>Commissioner of Income-</u> tax v. Ram Dev Kumar Chitlangia, reported in

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(2009) 315 ITR 435 held that, whether the gift was genuine would essentially be a question of fact and finding of act recorded in this behalf cannot be intereferred with.

13. After considering submissions of a)asthan earned counsel for the parties, we are of the view that genuineness of the gifts has been accepted by the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) as well as Appellate Tribunal. The odentity and creditworthiness of the donors have al so been accepted both the by authorities. These are questions of facts and there is a concurrent finding of fact by both authorities below and no illegality or the perversity in the finding recorded by both the authorities below has been pointed out by the learned counsel for the Revenue. The sai d finding of fact of both the authorities below cannot be interferred with by this Court.

> 14. Income-tax before The Appeal thi s Court lies only on substantial question of law. Since, no substanti al question of law is involved in this appeal, therefore, i t i s liable to be di smi ssed hereby, and is, dismissed in limine.

(NARENDRA KUMAR JAIN-I), J. (ARUN MISHRA), CJ.

BKS/-

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"All corrections made in the judgment/order have been incorporated in the judgment/order being emailed."

B.K. SHRIVASTAVA PRIVATE SECRETARY

